



- Ultra-slim 9-mm body
- 8-turn adjustment with indicator for fine-tuning
- Red LED allows for checking of illumination

Type

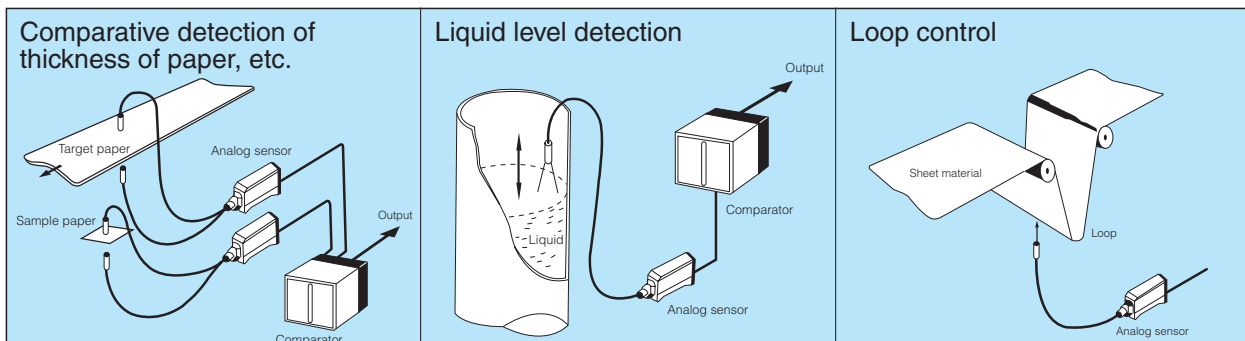
Type / Detection method	Detecting distance	Model	Operation mode	Output mode
Fiber type Through-beam Reflective (Dependant on fiber optic cable)	Dependant on fiber optic cable, light source, etc.	F71RAN	Voltage output in proportion to received light intensity	Effective voltage range: 2~8 V

- “White LED” is used for light emitting element
A model that uses white LED as the light emitting element is available separately.
Model.: F71WAN

- Applicable comparator (ANP Series)



Application example



F71RAN

Rating/Performance/Specification

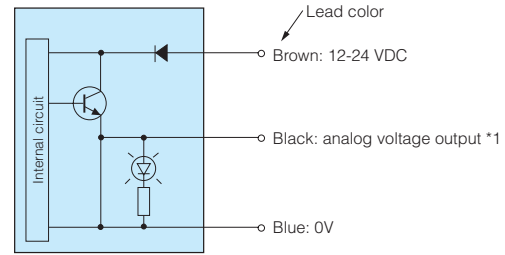
Rating/performance		Model	F71RAN
Detection method		Fiber type	
Power supply		12~24 VDC \pm 5 % / Ripple: 2% max.	
Current consumption		30 mA max.	
Output mode		Effective voltage range: 2~8 V (NPN emitter follower)*	
Operation mode		Voltage output in proportion to received light intensity (current 3 mA max.)	
Response time		Rise from 2 to 8 V in 10 ms max.	
		Fall from 8 to 2 V in 25 ms max.	
Temperature drift		0.3%/ °C max. at -10 ~ +50 °C	
Output ripple		80 mV max.	
Specification		Light source (light wavelength)	
		Red LED (680 nm)	
Indicator		Power (green) / Light intensity (orange)	
Case material		Case: heat-resistant ABS / Cover: polycarbonate	
Connection		Permanently attached cord (outer dimension: dia. 4.8) 0.2sq. 3 core 2 m length	
Mass		Approx.90 g (including 2-m cord and mounting bracket)	

* The range may be 1~9 V depending on the characteristics of the individual products and fiber optic cables.

Environmental Specification

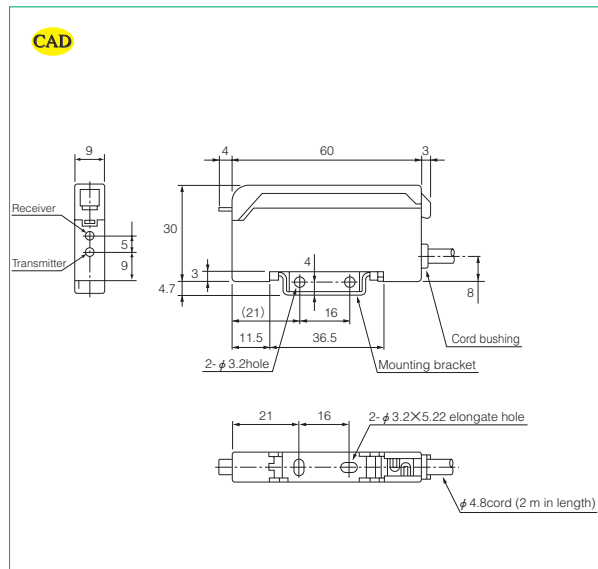
Environment		Ambient light	Incandescent lamp: 10,000 lx max.
		Ambient temperature	-25 ~ +55 °C (non-freezing)
		Ambient humidity	35~85%RH (non-condensing)
		Protective structure	IP40
		Vibration	10-55 Hz / 1.5 mm amplitude / 2 hours each in 3 direction

Input/Output Circuit and Connection



*1: Output current: 3 mA
Effective voltage range: 2~8 V

Dimensions (in mm)



Detecting Distance with Different Fiber Optic Cables (Typical Example)

Detection method	Fiber optic cable model	Detecting distance (mm)
 Through-beam	FT105BC	120 mm
	FT8EBC	30 mm
	FT5YBC	8 mm
	FTS5BC	70 mm
	FTSV73BC	80 mm
	FTL716BC	10 mm
	GTH520J	60 mm

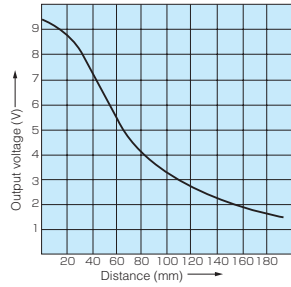
Detection method	Fiber optic cable model	Detecting distance (mm)
 Reflective Detection object: 50mm white non-gloss paper	FR105BC	50 mm
	FR108BC	30 mm
	FXN84BC	10 mm
	FRS8BC	3 mm
	FRL732BC	20 mm
	FRSV55BC	8 mm
	GXH520J	10 mm

For specifications, dimensions, etc. of fiber optic cables, see pp. 59-.

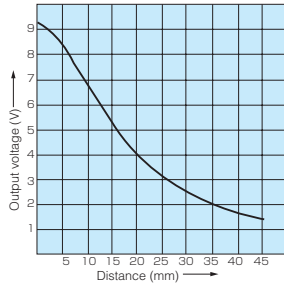
F71RAN

Distance-Output Characteristics (Typical Example) with F71RAN + Different Fiber Optic Cables (50 mm² white non-gloss paper used as detection object for reflective types)

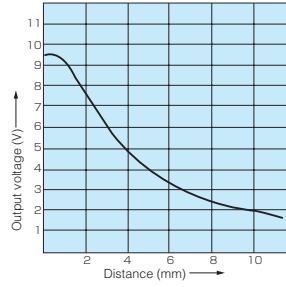
FT105BC(through-beam)



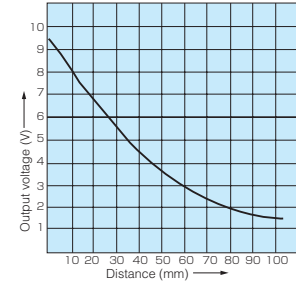
FT8EBC(through-beam)



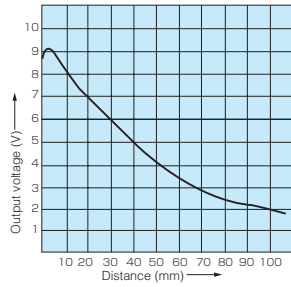
FT5YBC(through-beam)



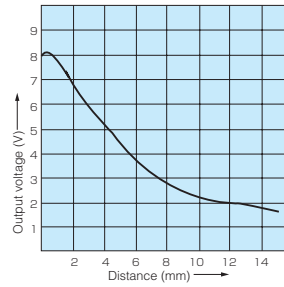
FTS5BC(through-beam)



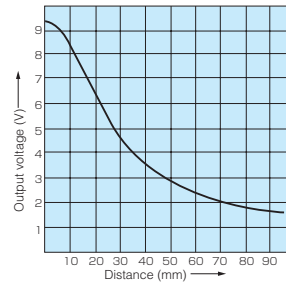
FTSV73BC(through-beam)



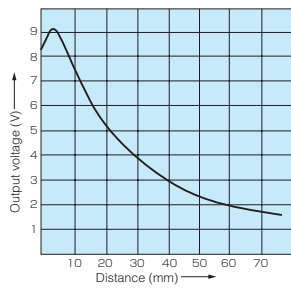
FTL716BC(through-beam)



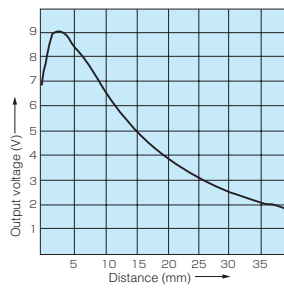
GTH520J(through-beam)



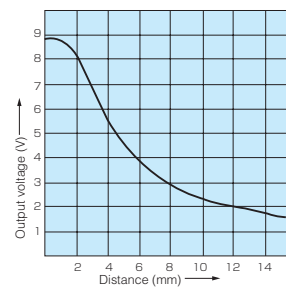
FR105BC(reflective)



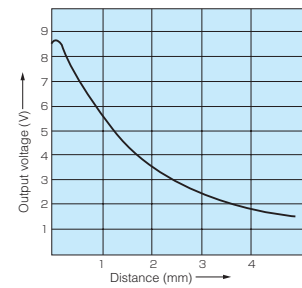
FR108BC(reflective)



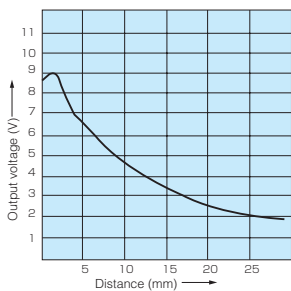
FXN84BC(reflective)



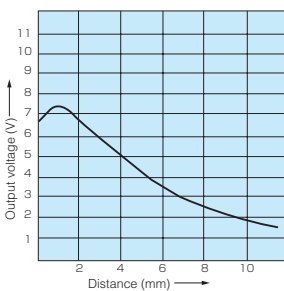
FRS8BC(reflective)



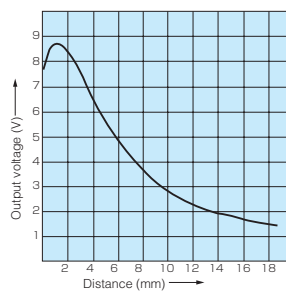
FRL732BC(reflective)



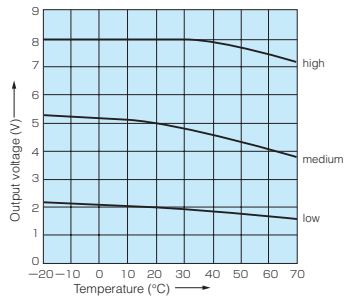
FRSV55BC(reflective)



GXH520J(reflective)



Temperature Characteristics (Typical Example)



The graph shows characteristics based on temperature variations for high, medium and low output voltage settings with the same detecting position.

For Correct Use

- Do not use sensor outdoors or in a place subject to a direct disturbing light surface.
- Analog voltage takes about 30 minutes to stabilize after power-up. For detections requiring accuracy, supply power well in advance. Fluctuations of about 100 mV should be expected.