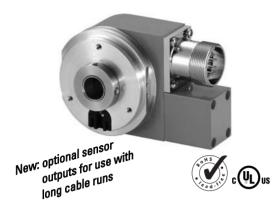


#### Multiturn ENAM 58 SSI or RS 485, programmable



- Most compact multiturn encoder with hollow shaft on the market
- Only 40.5 mm clearance needed, thus lower profile than incremental encoders.
- Programming parameters include\*: code type, resolution per revolution, total resolution, direction of rotation (cw or ccw), zero point.
- Very easy mounting of the hollow shaft version. The encoder is mounted directly on the drive shaft without coupling.
- · Divisions: up to 8192 (13 bits) per revolu-

tion, 4096 (12 bits) revolutions

- · SSI interface, additional interfaces include RS 485 and OEM specific protocols
- Multiturn gear with patented intelligent sensing technology (I-S-T)
- Hollow shaft up to Ø 12 mm
- Housing Ø 58 mm, Protection: IP 65
- Shock resistant up to 250 g
- optional with incremental track 2048 ppr
- (Ex) available as explosion proof zone 2

#### Mechanical characteristics:

Speed:1)	max. 6 000 min <sup>-1</sup>
•	
Rotor moment of inertia:	approx. 6 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> kgm <sup>2</sup>
Starting torque hollow shaft version:	< 0.05 Nm
Weight:	approx. 0.5 kg
Protection acc. to EN 60 529:	IP 65
Working temperature: <sup>2)</sup>	–20° C +70 °C <sup>2)</sup>
Operating temperature:	–20° C +80 °C <sup>2)</sup>
Shaft:	stainless steel, H7
Shock resistance acc. to DIN-IEC 68-2-27	2500 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 6 ms
Vibration resistance acc. to DIN-IEC 68-2-6:	100 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 10 2000 Hz

<sup>1)</sup> For continuous operation 3000 min<sup>-1</sup>

## Divisions and code types available at short

24 Bit Binary / Gray 25 Bit Binary / Gray

Other divisions and code types on request

The programmable SSI versions are available in 3 variants:

#### Order code Interface 2:

Version with 4 programmable outputs

#### Order code Interface 4:

Version with incremental outputs A,A,B,B (no programmable outputs)

#### Order code Interface 9:

Version with 2 programmable outputs and 2 sensor outputs for 0 V and +Ub for controlling the supply voltage on the encoder.

#### **Electrical characteristics:**

Interface type:		Synchronous-Serial			
		(SSI) with outputs			
General information	on:				
Supply voltage (U	<sub>B</sub> ):	5,0 30 V DC <sup>3)</sup>			
Current consumpt	ion type (no load).:	89 mA			
max (no load):		138 mA			
Short circuit proof	foutputs: <sup>1)</sup> :	yes <sup>2)</sup>			
Reverse connection	on protection at U <sub>B</sub> :	yes			
SSI-Interface:					
Output driver:		RS 485			
Permissible load/o	channel:	max. +/-20 mA			
Update rate for po	sition data:	approx. 1600/s			
SSI pulse rate min	./max./pulse frequency:	100 kHz/500 kHz			
Signal level high:		typ. 3.8 V			
Signal level low (I	Last = 20 mA):	typ. 1.3 V			
Rise time t <sub>r</sub> (witho	ut cable):	max. 100 ns			
Fall time t <sub>f</sub> (withou	ıt cable):	max. 100 ns			
Control inputs:	Voltage:	5 30 V DC = U <sub>B</sub>			
(V/R, SET)	Response time:	10 ms			
	Signal level: low	max. 25% U <sub>B</sub>			
	high	min. 60% $U_B$ , max. $U_B$			
	Max. current input	≤0.5 mA			

Status outputs: Output driver: Push-Pull

> max. permissible load: ±9.0 mA Signal level high: min.  $U_B - 3.0 V$ max. 1.5 V low:

Rise time: max. 240 μs Fall time: max. 300 μs

Incremental outputs (A/B):

Output driver: RS422 compatible Pulse frequency (max.): 200 kHz 4.5 V Signal level high: Signal level low ( $I_{Last} = 20 \text{ mA}$ ) 0.5 V

Rise time (without cable): max. 200 ns Fall time (without cable: max. 200 ns

Conforms to CE requirements acc. to EN 61000-6-1, EN 61000-6-4 and EN 61000-6-3

Performance against magnetic influence acc. to EN61000-4, 5

2) Only one channel allowed to be shorted-out:

o be shorted-out: If UB = 5 V DC, short-circuit to output, 0 V and + U<sub>B</sub> is permitted. If U<sub>B</sub> < 5 V DC short-circuit to output and0 V is permitted.

3) The supply voltage at the encoder input must not be less than 4.75 V (5 V - 5%)

<sup>2)</sup> Non-condensing

<sup>1)</sup> If UB supply voltage correctly applied UB



#### Multiturn ENAM 58 SSI or RS 485, programmable

#### **Control inputs:**

#### F/R input for change of direction:

The encoder can output increasing code values when the shaft is rotated either clockwise or counter-clockwise (when looking from the shaft side).

There are two methods for selecting the appropriate option:

- 1. Via a hardware configuration of the F/R input BEFORE powering up the encoder
- 2. By programming the device using the Micronor programming tool.

The following table shows the function selection dependent on hardware and software settings:

Hardware configuration of the F/R input:

Hardware configuration	Programmed selection using the	Function:
of the F/R input	Micronor programming tool	increasing code value when the shaft is
		in the following direction:
"low" (0V) on the F/R input (=cw)	cw	CW
"high" (+UB ) on the F/R input (= ccw)	cw	ccw
"low" (0V) on the F/R input (=cw)	ccw	ccw
"high" (+UB) on the F/R input (= ccw)	ccw	ccw

#### Notes:

- Any hardware configuration of the F/R input must take place BEFORE powering up the encoder!
- If the F/R input is not configured, then a 0V configuration will apply (default condition)!
- If the direction of rotation is changed due to the F/R configuration, without activating the SET function again, and if the encoder is also then powered up again, a new position value may be outputted, even if the physical shaft position of the encoder has not moved! This is due to internal conversion processes.

The start-up procedure for the encoder should therefore follow this sequence:

- 1. Determine the count direction of the encoder either via the F/R input or via programming
- 2. Apply power to the encoder
- 3. Activate the SET function, if desired (see SET input below)
- If using a cable wire to configure the F/R input, then for EMC reasons the wire should not remain open but should be tied either to 0V or UB!
- The response time of the F/R input with UB =  $5 \dots 30$  V DC power supply is 10 ms.

#### SET input:

This input is used for a one-time alignment (zeroing) of the encoder immediately after installation. A high control pulse (+UB) applied to this input for a minimum of 10 ms will reset the current encoder position to the pre-programmed setpoint value.

The programming of the setpoint can be carried out with Micronor's programming software or can, on request, be done in advance at the factory. The default value is zero. However any value within the encoder's measuring range can be defined.

#### Notes:

- The SET function should only be implemented when the encoder shaft is at rest.
- For the duration of the SET pulse the SSI interface does not function and therefore does not output any valid position values! In order to avoid malfunctions, no SSI clock pulse should occur during the SET pulse.
- If a cable wire is used to configure the SET input, then for EMC reasons the wire should not remain open but should if at all possible be tied to 0 V, provided no SET pulse is triggered!
- The response time of the SET input with +UB = 5 ... 30 V DC power supply is 10 ms.

#### Encoder outputs<sup>1)</sup>

Output	Default-function:
A1:	battery control <sup>2)</sup>
A2:	not activated <sup>2)</sup>
A3:	not activated <sup>2)3)</sup>
A4:	not activated <sup>2)3)</sup>

1) Not available for versions with incremental track

- 2) Programmable with the optional programming software
- 3) With the order code Interface 9 assigned to the sense outputs

The outputs are not activated in the factory setting (default). They can be activated and defined with the optional Micronor programming software e.g. limit switch, overspeed and temperature control etc.



#### Multiturn ENAM 58 SSI or RS 485, programmable

#### Programmable function with optional

Micronor software

Programmable features with optional programming tool

- Type of code
- Resolutions per revolution
- Number of revolution
- Total resolution

- Direction of rotation
- Offset for mechanical zero point compensation

etc....



#### Terminal assignment SSI Synchronous Serial interface with 12pin plug

Signal:	0V	+UB	+T	-T	+D	-D	ST	VR	A1	A2	A3 <sup>1)</sup>	A4 <sup>1)</sup>	÷
Interface 9:										0 Vsense	+UBsense		
Pin:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	PH
Col·	WH	RN	GN	YF	GY	PK	RU	RD	BK	VT	GY PK	RD BU	

T: Clock signal

D: Data signal

ST: SET input. The current position value is stored as new zero position (or the actual value is set to the preset

VR:

value when using the programmable version).
Up/down input. As long as this input is active,
decreasing code values are transmitted when shaft
turning clockwise.

#### Insulate unused outputs before initial start-up

A1, A2, A3, A4: outputs, with Micronor programmable

1)With the order code Interface 9 these outputs are assigned to the sense outputs. The sensor circuits are internally tied to the power supply. Special power supply units control the voltage drop in long cable runs via the voltage feedback. If the circuits are not being used, then they should be individually isolated and not connected.

#### Terminal assignment (RS485 interface 12 pin plug):

Signal:	0V	+UB	T/R-	T/R+	Term <sup>2)</sup>	Term <sup>2)</sup>		VR					<u></u>	
Pin	1	2	3	4	5	6	71)	8	9	10	11	12	PH	
Col.:	WH	BN	GN	YE				RD						

R = Receive-channel

Receive-channel Transmit-channel Up/down input. As long as this input (High-Level = + U<sub>B</sub>)is active, decreasing

code values are transmitted when shaft turning clockwise

Plug housin

There is no SET input for the P3001 version but it can likewise be implemented using the command "<ESC> QP" (Write preset).

2) For the version with external termination: if the termination is desired (terminating resistor 120 Ohm), then both connections are to be tied together by means of a jumper (0 Ohm).

#### SSI interface with incremental track (A/B)):

Signal:	0V	+UB	+T	_T	+D	–D	ST	VR	B	В	A	Α	<u></u>	
Pin	1	2	3	4	5	6	7*	8	9	10	11	12	PH	

Encoder Type ENAM 58 with stator coupling 2 wing



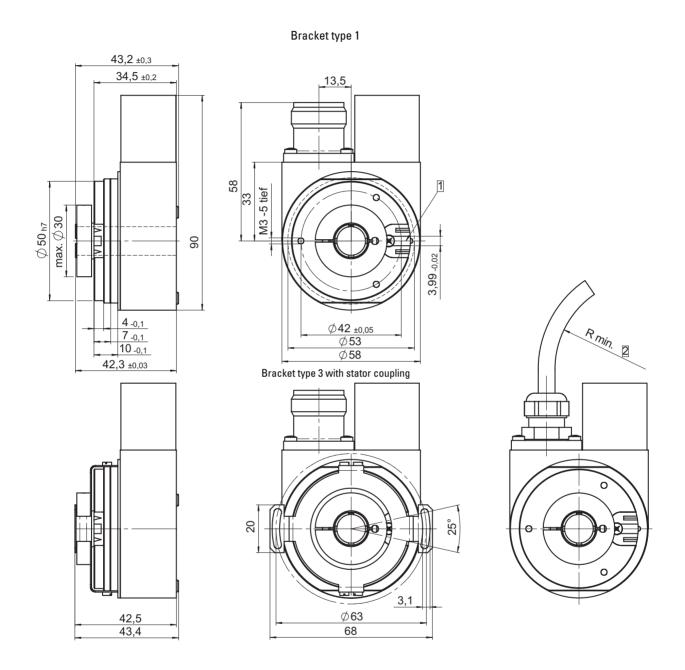
Encoder Type ENAM 58 with tether arm small





## Multiturn ENAM 58 SSI or RS 485, programmable

#### **Dimensions:**



- 1 torque stop slot Recommendation: Cyl. pin. acc. to DIN 7-04
- - securely installed: 55 mm
    flexibly installed: 70 mm

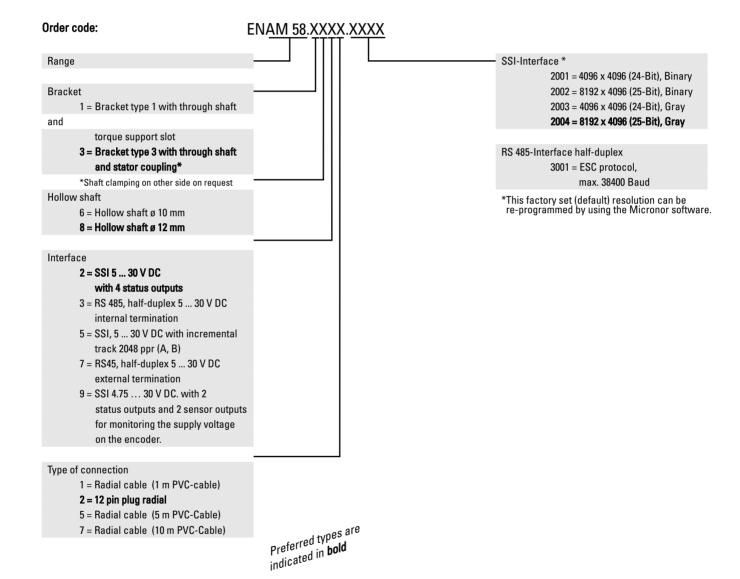


#### Multiturn ENAM 58 SSI or RS 485, programmable

Top view of mating side, male contact base:

12 pin plug





An innovative principle of operation based on a non-contact electronic multiturn stage overcomes system disadvantages previously associated with encoders that had mechanical gears or with traditional electronic gear technology.

#### Advantages:

- High operational reliability
- Logic filter and innovative principle of operation compensate for high EMC interference
- Free from wear